## Reulet v. Lamorak Ins. Co.

United States District Court for the Middle District of Louisiana
October 31, 2022, Decided; October 31, 2022, Filed
CIVIL ACTION NO. 20-00404-BAJ-EWD

#### Reporter

2022 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 197212 \*

JOANNE REULET, ET AL. VERSUS LAMORAK INS. CO., ET AL.

### **Core Terms**

turbines, Manufacturers, insulation, <u>asbestos</u>, gaskets, summary judgment, <u>asbestos</u>-based, Plaintiffs', <u>asbestos</u>-containing, exposure, warn

**Counsel:** [\*1] For Joanne Clement Reulet, Leslie Reulet Carrere, Evan John Reulet, Plaintiffs: Gerolyn Petit Roussel, LEAD ATTORNEY, Jonathan Brett Clement, Lauren R Clement, Perry J. Roussel, Jr., Roussel & Clement, Mandeville, LA.

For Lamorak Insurance Company, as successor in interest to the liability for policies of insurance issued by Commercial Union Insurance Company, Employers Commercial Union Insurance Company, and American Employers Insurance Company, Defendant: Samuel M. Rosamond, III, LEAD ATTORNEY, Taylor, Wellons, Politz & Duhe APLC, New Orleans, LA; Francis Christopher Cannone, Taylor Wellons Politz & Duhe, New Orleans, LA.

For Huntington Ingalls Incorporated, formerly known as Northrop Grumman Shipbuilding, Inc., formerly known as Northrup Grumman Ship Systems, Inc., formerly known as Avondale Industries, Inc., formerly known as Avondale Shipyards, Inc., formerly known as Avondale Marine Ways, Inc., Defendant: Gustave A. Fritchie, III, LEAD ATTORNEY, Christopher Thomas Whelen, Irwin Fritchie Urguhart & Moore LLC, New Orleans, LA; Alex Robertson, Huber Thomas & Marcelle, New Orleans, LA; Alexander R. Saunders, Edward W. Trapolin, Irwin Fritchie Urguhart & Moore, LLC, New Orleans, LA; [\*2] Alison Amanda Spindler, Michael Kevin Powell, Irwin Fritchie Urquhart & Moore, New Orleans, LA; Brian C. Bossier, Edwin A. Ellinghausen, III, Whitney Charmaine Stewart, Blue Williams, LLP, Metairie, LA; Christopher T. Grace, III, Blue Williams LLP - Metairie, Metairie, LA; Daphne Marie Lancaster, Lee, Futrell & Perles, LLP,

New Orleans, LA; Erin H Boyd, Metairie, LA; Laura Michelle Gillen, Blue Williams, L.L.P., Metairie, LA; Michael Scott Minyard, Lee, Futrell & Perles LLP, New Orleans, LA; Timothy F. Daniels, David Michael Melancon, Irwin, Fritchie, Urquhart & Moore, LLC, New Orleans, LA.

For Albert L. Bossier, Jr., Defendant: Gustave A. Fritchie, III, LEAD ATTORNEY, Christopher Thomas Whelen, Irwin Fritchie Urquhart & Moore LLC, New Orleans, LA; Alex Robertson, Huber Thomas & Marcelle, New Orleans, LA; Alexander R. Saunders, Edward W. Trapolin, Irwin Fritchie Urquhart & Moore, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Alison Amanda Spindler, Michael Kevin Powell, Irwin Fritchie Urquhart & Moore, New Orleans, LA; Daphne Marie Lancaster, Lee, Futrell & Perles, LLP, New Orleans, LA; Michael Scott Minyard, Lee, Futrell & Perles LLP, New Orleans, LA; Timothy F. Daniels, David Michael Melancon, Irwin, Fritchie, [\*3] Urquhart & Moore, LLC, New Orleans, LA.

For Eagle, Inc., formerly known as Eagle <u>Asbestos</u> & Packing Company, Inc., McCarty Corporation, Successor to McCarty Branton, Inc., and Predecessor and Successor to McCarty Insulation Sales, Inc, Defendants: Susan Beth Kohn, LEAD ATTORNEY, Douglas R. Kinler, James Richard Guidry, Louis Oliver Oubre, Simon, Peragine, Smith & Redfearn, LLP, New Orleans, LA; April A. McQuillar, Simon, Peragine, Smith & Redfearn, L.L.P., New Orleans, LA; Janice Marie Culotta, Kean Miller LLP, Energy Centre, New Orleans, LA.

For Bayer CropScience, Inc., successor to Rhone Poulene AG Company, formerly known as Amchem Products, Inc., formerly known as Benjamin Foster Company, Defendant: Ernest G. Foundas, LEAD ATTORNEY, McGready Lewis Richeson, Pugh, Accardo, Haas, Radecker & Carey, L.L.C., New Orleans, LA; David M. Stein, Pugh Accardo, New Orleans, LA; Francis Xavier DeBlanc, III, Kuchler Polk Schell Weiner & Richeson, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Kathleen Jordan, Pugh Accardo Haas Radecker &

Carey, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Milele N. St. Julien, Kuchler Polk Schell Weiner Richeson, New Orleans, LA.

For Foster Wheeler LLC, formerly known as Foster-Wheeler Corporation, General Electric [\*4] Company, CBS Corporation, formerly known as Westinghouse Electric Corp., Defendants: John J. Hainkel, III, LEAD ATTORNEY, Angela M. Bowlin, Kelsey Anne Eagan, Lacey T McCoy, Roth Martin Hainkel, Frilot L.L.C., New Orleans, LA; James H. Brown, Jr., Frilot, Partridge, LC, New Orleans, LA; Kelly Lorraine Long, Magali Ann Puente-Martin, Frilot LLC, New Orleans, LA.

For Hopeman Brothers, Inc., Defendant: Kaye N. Courington, LEAD ATTORNEY, Courington, Kiefer & Sommers LLC, New Orleans, LA; Blaine A. Moore, Jeffrey M. Burg, Mathilde Villere Semmes, Courington, Kiefer & Sommers, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Brittney Bullock Ankersen, Courington Kiefer & Sommers, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Troy Nathan Bell, Courington Kiefer & Sommers, New Orleans, LA.

For Taylor-Seidenbach, Inc., Defendant: Christopher Kelly Lightfoot, LEAD ATTORNEY, Hailey, McNamara, Hall, Larmann & Papale, Metairie, LA; Edward J. Lassus, Jr., Hailey, McNamara, Hall, Larman, Papale, Metairie, LA; Richard J. Garvey, Jr, Hailey McNamara Hall Larmann & Papale LLC, Metairie, LA.

For Uniroyal, Inc., Defendant: Amy Louise Maccherone, Kassie Lee Richbourg, Forman Watkins & Krutz LLP, New Orleans, LA; Mary Arthur, Forman Watkins & Krutz LLP, Jackson, [\*5] MS.

For International Paper Company, as successor to U.S. Plywood, Defendant: Walter G. Watkins, III, LEAD ATTORNEY, Forman, Perry, Watkins, Krutz & Tardy - JAC, Jackson, MS; Amber L. Stewart, Daniel Steven Roberts, Mary Arthur, Thomas Peyton Smith, Forman Watkins & Krutz LLP, Jackson, MS; Elizabeth Riddell Penn, Kassie Lee Richbourg, Forman Watkins & Krutz LLP, New Orleans, LA.

For American Insurance Company, Defendant: Julia Ann Dietz, LEAD ATTORNEY, Sidney W. Degan, III, Degan, Blanchard & Nash - NO, New Orleans, LA; Keith Alex Kornman, Degan, Blanchard & Nash, New Orleans, LA; Renee F Smith Auld, Degan, Blanchard & Nash, Texaco Center, New Orleans, LA; Wade B. Hammett, Frilot LLC, New Orleans, LA.

For CF Industries, Inc., Defendant: Barbara Lee Arras, LEAD ATTORNEY, Phelps Dunbar - NO, New Orleans, LA; Anthony J. Gambino, Jr., Phelps Dunbar LLP, Baton Rouge, LA; Jeffrey A. Clayman, Patrick A. Talley, Jr., Phelps Dunbar LLP, New Orleans, LA.

For Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, Defendant: Julia Ann Dietz, LEAD ATTORNEY, Sidney W. Degan, III, Degan, Blanchard & Nash - NO, New Orleans, LA; Renee F Smith Auld, Degan, Blanchard & Nash, Texaco Center, New Orleans, LA; Wade B. Hammett, Frilot [\*6] LLC, New Orleans, LA.

For Aerojet Rocketdyne, Inc., as successor to the liability of Barnard and Burk, Inc., formerly known as Aerojet-General, Defendant: Glenn Lyle Maximilian Swetman, LEAD ATTORNEY, Manion Gaynor & Manning, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Amanda Luella Deto, MGM Law Firm, New Orleans, LA; Bradley Adam Hays, MG+ M Firm LLP, Hattiesburg, MS; Brandie Mendoza Thibodeaux, Jeanette Seraile Riggins, MG+M Law Firm, New Orleans, LA; Christopher Owen Massenburg, MG+M The Law Firm, Hattiesburg, LA; Danielle Mikel Sczesny, Manning Gross & Massenburg, New Orleans, LA; Meghan Brianne Senter, Manion Gaynor Manning LLP, New Orleans, LA.

For Albert L. Bossier, Jr., ThirdParty Plaintiff: Gustave A. Fritchie, III, LEAD ATTORNEY, Christopher Thomas Whelen, Irwin Fritchie Urquhart & Moore LLC, New Orleans, LA; Alex Robertson, Huber Thomas & Marcelle, New Orleans, LA; Alexander R. Saunders, Edward W. Trapolin, Irwin Fritchie Urquhart & Moore, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Alison Amanda Spindler, Michael Kevin Powell, Irwin Fritchie Urquhart & Moore, New Orleans, LA; Daphne Marie Lancaster, Lee, Futrell & Perles, LLP, New Orleans, LA; Michael [\*7] Scott Minyard, Lee, Futrell & Perles LLP, New Orleans, LA; Timothy F. Daniels, David Michael Melancon, Irwin, Fritchie, Urquhart & Moore, LLC, New Orleans, LA.

For Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, as Insurer of Wayne Manufactoring, ThirdParty Defendant: Kaye N. Courington, LEAD ATTORNEY, Courington, Kiefer & Sommers LLC, New Orleans, LA; Blaine A. Moore, Jeffrey M. Burg, Mathilde Villere Semmes, Courington, Kiefer & Sommers, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Brittney Bullock Ankersen, Courington Kiefer & Sommers, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Troy Nathan Bell, Courington Kiefer & Sommers, New Orleans, LA.

For Albert L. Bossier, Jr., Cross Claimant: Gustave A. Fritchie, III, LEAD ATTORNEY, Christopher Thomas Whelen, Irwin Fritchie Urquhart & Moore LLC, New Orleans, LA; Alex Robertson, Huber Thomas & Marcelle, New Orleans, LA; Alexander R. Saunders, Edward W. Trapolin, Irwin Fritchie Urquhart & Moore, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Alison Amanda Spindler, Michael Kevin Powell, Irwin Fritchie Urquhart & Moore, New Orleans, LA; Daphne Marie Lancaster, Lee, Futrell

& Perles, LLP, New Orleans, LA; Michael Scott Minyard, Lee, Futrell & Perles LLP, New Orleans, LA; Timothy F. Daniels, David Michael Melancon, Irwin, Fritchie, [\*8] Urquhart & Moore, LLC, New Orleans, LA.

For Huntington Ingalls Incorporated, Cross Claimant: Gustave A. Fritchie, III, LEAD ATTORNEY, Christopher Thomas Whelen, Irwin Fritchie Urguhart & Moore LLC, New Orleans, LA; Alex Robertson, Huber Thomas & Marcelle, New Orleans, LA; Alexander R. Saunders, Edward W. Trapolin, Irwin Fritchie Urguhart & Moore, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Alison Amanda Spindler, Michael Kevin Powell, Irwin Fritchie Urquhart & Moore, New Orleans, LA; Brian C. Bossier, Edwin A. Ellinghausen, III, Whitney Charmaine Stewart, Blue Williams, LLP, Metairie, LA; Christopher T. Grace, III, Blue Williams LLP - Metairie, Metairie, LA; Daphne Marie Lancaster, Lee, Futrell & Perles, LLP, New Orleans, LA; Erin H Boyd, Metairie, LA; Laura Michelle Gillen, Blue Williams, L.L.P., Metairie, LA; Michael Scott Minyard, Lee, Futrell & Perles LLP, New Orleans, LA; Timothy F. Daniels, David Michael Melancon, Irwin, Fritchie, Urquhart & Moore, LLC, New Orleans, LA.

For Eagle, Inc., McCarty Corporation, Cross Defendants: Susan Beth Kohn, LEAD ATTORNEY, Douglas R. Kinler, James Richard Guidry, Louis Oliver Oubre, Simon, Peragine, Smith & Redfearn, LLP, New Orleans, LA; April A. McQuillar, Simon, [\*9] Peragine, Smith & Redfearn, L.L.P., New Orleans, LA; Janice Marie Culotta, Kean Miller LLP, Energy Centre, New Orleans, LA.

For Taylor-Seidenbach, Inc., Cross Defendant: Christopher Kelly Lightfoot, LEAD ATTORNEY, Hailey, McNamara, Hall, Larmann & Papale, Metairie, LA; Edward J. Lassus, Jr., Hailey, McNamara, Hall, Larman, Papale, Metairie, LA; Richard J. Garvey, Jr, Hailey McNamara Hall Larmann & Papale LLC, Metairie, LA.

For CBS Corporation, Foster Wheeler LLC, General Electric Company, Cross Defendants: John J. Hainkel, III, LEAD ATTORNEY, Angela M. Bowlin, Kelsey Anne Eagan, Lacey T McCoy, Roth Martin Hainkel, Frilot L.L.C., New Orleans, LA; James H. Brown, Jr., Frilot, Partridge, LC, New Orleans, LA; Kelly Lorraine Long, Magali Ann Puente-Martin, Frilot LLC, New Orleans, LA.

For Hopeman Brothers, Inc., Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, as Insurer of Wayne Manufactoring, Cross Defendants: Kaye N. Courington, LEAD ATTORNEY, Courington, Kiefer & Sommers LLC, New Orleans, LA; Blaine A. Moore, Jeffrey M. Burg, Mathilde Villere Semmes, Courington, Kiefer & Sommers, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Brittney Bullock Ankersen, Courington

Kiefer & Sommers, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Troy Nathan Bell, Courington [\*10] Kiefer & Sommers, New Orleans, LA.

For International Paper Company, Cross Defendant: Walter G. Watkins, III, LEAD ATTORNEY, Forman, Perry, Watkins, Krutz & Tardy - JAC, Jackson, MS; Daniel Steven Roberts, Mary Arthur, Thomas Peyton Smith, Forman Watkins & Krutz LLP, Jackson, MS; Elizabeth Riddell Penn, Kassie Lee Richbourg, Forman Watkins & Krutz LLP, New Orleans, LA.

For Bayer Cropscience Inc., Bayer CropScience, Inc., Cross Defendants: Ernest G. Foundas, LEAD ATTORNEY, McGready Lewis Richeson, Pugh, Accardo, Haas, Radecker & Carey, L.L.C., New Orleans, LA; David M. Stein, Pugh Accardo, New Orleans, LA; Francis Xavier DeBlanc, III, Kuchler Polk Schell Weiner & Richeson, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Kathleen Jordan, Pugh Accardo Haas Radecker & Carey, LLC, New Orleans, LA; Milele N. St. Julien, Kuchler Polk Schell Weiner Richeson, New Orleans, LA.

For Uniroyal Inc, Uniroyal, Inc., Cross Defendants: Amy Louise Maccherone, Kassie Lee Richbourg, Forman Watkins & Krutz LLP, New Orleans, LA; Mary Arthur, Forman Watkins & Krutz LLP, Jackson, MS.

For CF Industries, Inc., Cross Defendant: Barbara Lee Arras, LEAD ATTORNEY, Phelps Dunbar - NO, New Orleans, LA; Anthony J. Gambino, Jr., Phelps Dunbar LLP, [\*11] Baton Rouge, LA; Jeffrey A. Clayman, Patrick A. Talley, Jr., Phelps Dunbar LLP, New Orleans, LA.

For American Insurance Company, Cross Defendant: Julia Ann Dietz, LEAD ATTORNEY, Sidney W. Degan, III, Degan, Blanchard & Nash - NO, New Orleans, LA; Keith Alex Kornman, Degan, Blanchard & Nash, New Orleans, LA; Renee F Smith Auld, Degan, Blanchard & Nash, Texaco Center, New Orleans, LA; Wade B. Hammett, Frilot LLC, New Orleans, LA.

For Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, Cross Defendant: Julia Ann Dietz, LEAD ATTORNEY, Sidney W. Degan, III, Degan, Blanchard & Nash - NO, New Orleans, LA; Renee F Smith Auld, Degan, Blanchard & Nash, Texaco Center, New Orleans, LA; Wade B. Hammett, Frilot LLC, New Orleans, LA.

**Judges:** BRIAN A. JACKSON, UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE.

Opinion by: BRIAN A. JACKSON

# **Opinion**

### **RULING AND ORDER**

This wrongful death and survival action seeks damages related to the death of Decedent Kirk Reulet in January 2019. Plaintiffs allege that during the course of his career, Decedent—a tradesman that worked various marine-economy jobs between the years 1972 and 2013—was exposed to <u>asbestos</u>, ultimately causing him to develop terminal mesothelioma. Plaintiffs seek damages from dozens of Defendants—including Decedent's [\*12] employers, owners of premises where Decedent worked, <u>asbestos</u> manufacturers and distributors, and multiple insurers.

Among the manufacturer Defendants are General Electric Corporation ("GE"), and ViacomCBS Inc. f/k/a Westinghouse Corporation Electric ("CBS/Westinghouse") (collectively, the "Turbine Manufacturers"). (Doc. 95 at ¶¶ 2, 31-32, 45-46). Plaintiffs allege that the Turbine Manufacturers each manufactured and distributed "marine turbines" fitted with **asbestos**-containing gaskets and **asbestos**-based insulation, and that these turbines were used widely in employer-Defendant Huntington Ingalls Incorporated's ("Avondale") commercial shipbuilding activities. (Id. at ¶¶ 31, 45). Plaintiffs contend that Decedent and his (Decedent's) father each worked for Avondale in close proximity to GE and CBS/Westinghouse turbines, and that, as a result, Decedent suffered years of first- and second-hand exposure to asbestos fibers. (See id.). Plaintiffs seek damages from the Turbine Manufacturers under various theories, including products liability and fraudulent concealment of the inherent danger of their **asbestos**-containing products. (*Id.* at ¶¶ 31-32, 45-46).

After Plaintiffs filed suit, Avondale [\*13] and co-Defendant Albert Bossier, Jr.—a former Avondale executive—filed cross-claims against the Turbine Manufacturers, adopting Plaintiffs' allegations and deflecting any fault for Plaintiffs' turbine-related claims to the Turbine Manufacturers. (Doc. 1-4 at pp. 174-183 (Avondale's Answer and Cross-Claims); *id.* at pp. 160-173 (Bossier Answer and Cross-Claims)).

Now, the Turbine Manufacturers each move for summary judgment, (Doc. 319 ("GE's Motion"), Doc. 320 ("CBS/Westinghouse's Motion"), collectively, the "Motions"), arguing (1) Plaintiffs cannot establish substantial *asbestos*-exposure resulting from their

turbines, and (2) in any event, they cannot be liable for any such exposure because their turbines "did not come with insulation," they did not manufacture or distribute <u>asbestos</u>-based insulation, and any <u>asbestos</u>-based insulation later added to their turbines was applied by Avondale. (GE Motion at pp. 4-14; CBS/Westinghouse Motion at pp. 4-14). Plaintiffs and Avondale each oppose the Turbine Manufacturers' Motions. (Doc. 379; Doc. 397; Doc. 382; Doc. 399). For reasons below, the Motions will be denied.

The summary judgment standard is well-set: to prevail, the Turbine Manufacturers [\*14] must show that there is no genuine dispute as to any material fact and that they is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(a). In making this assessment, the Court must view all evidence and make all reasonable inferences in the light most favorable to Plaintiffs (and Avondale)—the non-moving parties. Owens v. Circassia Pharms., Inc., 33 F.4th 814, 824 (5th Cir. 2022).

To defeat the Turbine Manufacturers' first argument, "Plaintiffs need only show that a reasonable jury could conclude that it is more likely than not that [Decedent] inhaled ... <u>asbestos</u> fibers [from the Turbine Manufacturers' turbines], even if there were only 'slight exposures."' See <u>Williams v. Boeing Co., 23 F.4th 507, 512 (5th Cir. 2022)</u> (citing <u>Held v. Avondale Indus., Inc., 95-1788, p. 5 (La. App. 4 Cir. 4/3/96), 672 So. 2d 1106, 1109</u>). Plaintiffs (and Avondale) easily clear this bar.

Avondale's certified records reflect that Decedent and his father each worked various jobs at Avondale for multiple years in the 1960s and 1970s: Decedent worked as a welder from July 1967 to June 1972 (interrupted by a one-year stint in the military) (see Doc. 397-18 at pp. 1-2); Decedent's father worked as a "shipfitter" from 1964 to 1977 (see Doc. 397-4 at pp. 1-2). Dwight Granier, a co-worker of Decedent and Decedent's father, provided eyewitness testimony that, during their time at Avondale, Decedent and his father each regularly and frequently [\*15] worked in close proximity to GE and CBS/Westinghouse turbines. including at times when the turbines were being insulated with asbestos-based insulation, and that Decedent and his father were each regularly and frequently exposed to asbestos dust as a result. (See Doc. 397-6 at pp. 15-17, 22-24 (Deposition Testimony of Dwight Granier; see also Doc. 304-1 at p. 5 (Deposition Testimony of Charles Becnel)). Mr. Granier's testimony is corroborated by multiple former-Avondale employees, who recounted that GE and CBS/Westinghouse turbines were common at Avondale during the time period in

question, that these turbines were connected with asbestos-containing gaskets, that these turbines were insulated with *asbestos*-based insulation, that corporate representatives of GE and CBS/Westinghouse observed and even directed the turbine insulation process on-site (at Avondale), that the insulation process sent asbestos dust "flying all over," and yet no verbal or written warnings were posted regarding the dangers of asbestos inhalation. (See Doc. 397-8 at pp. 25-27 (Deposition Testimony of James Becnel); Doc. 397-12 at pp. 14-17, 20 (Deposition Testimony of Michael Comardelle); Doc. 397-22 at pp. 14-17 **[\*16]** (Deposition Testimony of Clemcy Legendre, Jr.) (Doc. 399-11 at pp. 20-22 (Deposition Testimony of Joseph Trosclair)).

Based (in part) on this testimony, Plaintiffs' industrial hygiene expert, Frank M. Parker, III, opines that, during his tenure at Avondale, Decedent was "frequently occupationally exposed to <u>asbestos</u>" caused by disturbances asbestos-containing materials, "including [thermal System Insulation], on ... GE and Westinghouse turbines," that these "exposures most likely frequently exceeded contemporary occupational exposure limits," and that "these exposures placed [Decedent] at significant risk for developing mesothelioma." (Doc. 397-26 at ¶¶ 18, 20-21). Mr. Parker further opines that Plaintiffs' first-hand exposure risk was amplified by the fact that his father faced the same conditions during his tenure at Avondale, causing Decedent to be "frequently exposed to significant asbestos concentrations of from his father's contaminated clothing." (Id. at ¶¶ 13-17). Plainly, on this record, a dispute exists whether Decedent suffered asbestos-exposure from the Turbine Manufacturers' turbines. See Williams, 23 F.4th at 512.

The Turbine Manufacturers' second argument—that they are not liable because their [\*17] turbines "did not come with insulation," and because they did not thereafter install the <u>asbestos</u>-based insulation on their turbines (the so-called "bare- metal defense")—is just as easily dispatched. Indeed, it was just rejected by the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana on facts indistinguishable from those presented here. See <u>Becnel v. Lamarak Ins. Co., No. 19-cv-14536, 2022 WL 3704029, at \*5-7 (E.D. La. Aug. 26, 2022)</u> (Lemelle, J.). The same analysis set forth in the <u>Becnel</u> decision applies to this case, and the Court adopts that analysis herein, as supplemented below.

To summarize, there are two distinct <u>asbestos</u> containing products associated with the Turbine

Manufacturers' turbines: (1) **asbestos**-containing gaskets that were used to connect the turbines (the "gasket claim"); and (2) asbestos-based insulation that was used to insulate the turbines (the "insulation claim"). The Turbine Manufacturers cannot defeat Plaintiffs' gasket claim at summary judgment because their own corporate representatives—David Skinner (for GE) and Roy Belanger (for CBS/Westinghouse)—each testified that the component parts of their turbines included asbestos-containing gaskets; that the process of erecting their turbines at Avondale involved connecting the turbines using the <u>asbestos</u> [\*18] gaskets; and that the Turbine Manufacturers each supplied the asbestos-containing gaskets necessary to make those connections without providing any warning as to their inherent danger. Accordingly, a material dispute exists as to whether the Turbine Manufacturers supplied an unreasonably dangerous product per se, and as to whether the Turbine Manufacturers failed to issue adequate warnings regarding that product. See Becnel, 2022 WL 3704029, at \*5-7 (citing Halphen v. Johns-Manville Sales Corp., 788 F.2d 274, 275 (5th Cir. 1986)); see also Cortez v. Lamorak Ins. Co., No. 20-cv-2389, 2022 WL 2643867, at \*4-8 (E.D. La. July 8, 2022) (Vance, J.) (denying CBS/Westinghouse's motion for summary judgment as to plaintiffs' gasket claim); Cortez v. Lamorak Ins. Co., No. 20-cv-2389, 2022 WL 1320429, at \*13 (E.D. La. May 3, 2022) (Vance, J.) (denying GE's motion for summary judgment as to plaintiffs' gasket claim).

Additionally, the Turbine Manufacturers cannot defeat Plaintiffs' insulation claim at summary judgment, even if the Turbine Manufacturers only delivered "bare- metal" turbines to Avondale. The U.S. Supreme Court instructs that "a manufacturer does have a duty to warn when its product requires incorporation of a part and the manufacturer knows or has reason to know that the integrated product is likely to be dangerous for its intended uses. Under that approach, the manufacturer may be liable even when the manufacturer does not itself incorporate the required part [\*19] into the product." Air & Liquid Sys. Corp. v. DeVries, 139 S. Ct. 986, 993-94 (2019) (emphasis added). Here, the Manufacturers' Turbine corporate representatives testified that GE and CBS/Westinghouse each knew that the turbines they sold to Avondale required insulation, each knew that asbestos-based insulation was the insulation-of-choice during the period of Decedent's exposure, and yet each failed to provide any warning of the dangers associated with asbestos insulation. Accordingly, a material dispute exists regarding whether the Turbine Manufacturers failed to

provide adequate warning of the danger of using asbestos-based insulation with their turbines. Becnel. 2022 WL 3704029, at \*5-7 (citing DeVries, 139 S. Ct. at 993-994); see also McAllister v. McDermott, Inc., No. 18-cv-361, 2020 WL 4745743, at \*12-13 (M.D. La. Aug. 14, 2020) (rejecting manufacturer-defendant's "bare metal defense" and determining that, under DeVries, a material dispute precluded summary judgment on plaintiffs failure to warn claim where summary judgment evidence showed that manufacturer's products required asbestos-containing gaskets to function). This conclusion is reinforced by the fact that, in this case, Plaintiffs' evidence shows that the Turbine Manufacturers' were representatives on-site Avondale, observing and directing the turbine insulation process.1

In sum, there is plainly enough evidence to create a **[\*20]** contest regarding whether Decedent inhaled **asbestos** fibers from the Turbine Manufacturers' products and, further, whether the Turbine Manufacturers may be liable under a products liability theory. Accordingly,

IT IS ORDERED that GE's Motion for Summary Judgment (Doc. 319) be and is hereby DENIED.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that CBS/Westinghouse's Partial Motion For Summary Judgment Regarding Turbines (Doc. 320) be and is hereby DENIED.

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Baton Rouge, Louisiana, this 31st day of October, 2022

/s/ Brian A. Jackson

**JUDGE BRIAN A. JACKSON** 

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

MIDDLE DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Court acknowledges an apparent divergence among its brethren in the Eastern District of Louisiana regarding the Turbine Manufacturers' liability for failing to warn about the dangers of using asbestos-based insulation with their turbines. Compare Becnel, 2022 WL 3704029, at \*5-7 ("According to plaintiffs, defendant was aware that asbestos insulation was to be utilized in connection with its turbines; and thus, had a duty to warn. We agree."), with Cortez, 2022 WL 2643867, at \*9 ("In the absence of any authority indicating that a manufacturer in Westinghouse's position has a duty to warn of the dangers of a third party's product, the Court finds that plaintiffs' failure-to-warn theory is meritless."), and Cortez, 2022 WL 1320429, at \*15 (same, GE). This Court will not attempt to reconcile this divergence here, but notes that it is unclear from the Cortez decisions whether that Court was made aware of Plaintiffs' evidence that the Turbine Manufacturers' representatives were on-site observing and directing application of asbestos-based insulation to their turbines, or to what extent this evidence would have shaped the Court's analysis. In any event, absent guidance from the U.S Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit, this Court respectfully hews to the reasoning set forth in the Becnel decision.